Financing Sustainable Economic Transformation: Domestic Resource Mobilization

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G-24 Technical Group Meeting Financing Sustainable Economic Transformation Abidjan, Côte D'Ivoire July 17, 2023







People. Planet. Prosperity.

JUST TRANSITION A CLIMATE, ENERGY AND DEVELOPMENT VISION FOR AFRICA

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JustTransitionAfrica.org





What needs to be transformed? (not reformed)

What are the structural problems?

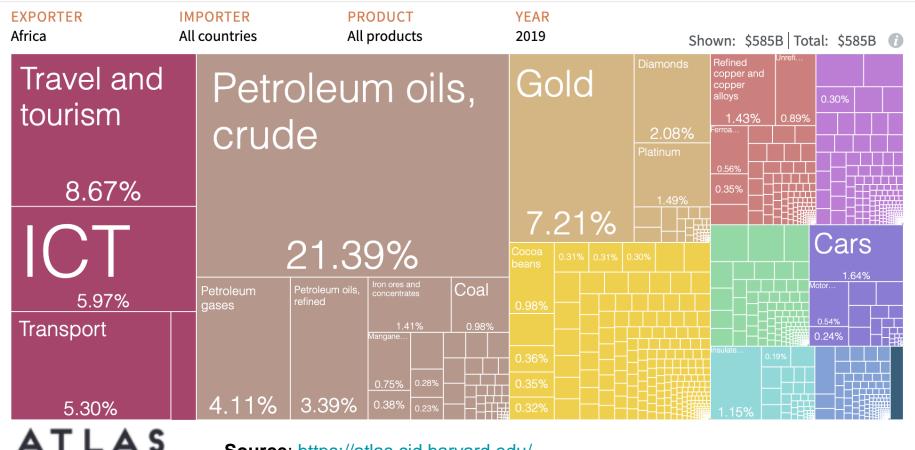
What are the roots of these problems?

What are the false solutions?

Our Structural Economic Deficiencies: ...

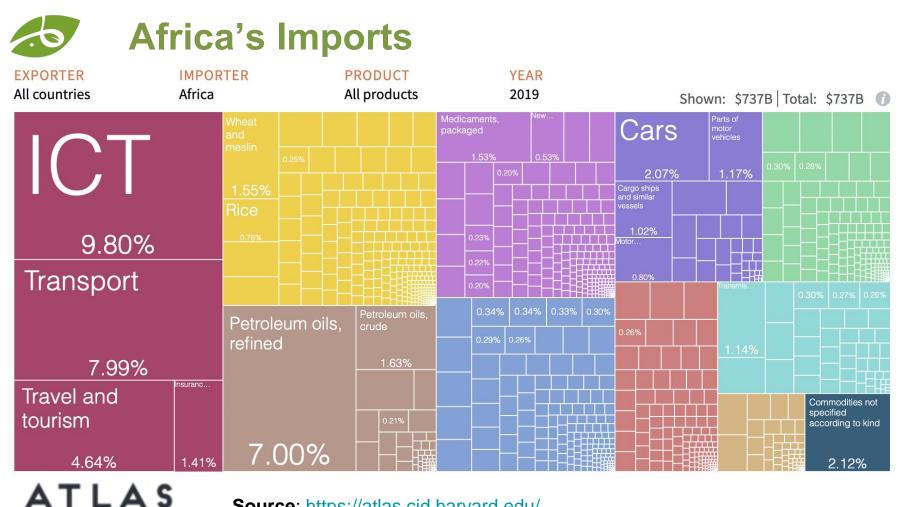
- High external debt
- Major root causes:
 - Energy deficit
 - Food deficit
 - Low value-added industrialization
- Trade deficits
 - \rightarrow Currency devaluation
 - \rightarrow Food & Fuel price inflation
 - → Social Unrest unless Food/Fuel subsidies are maintained (forces the country to continue to borrow from foreign lenders: bandaid solution)

	Africa's	Exports
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Source: https://atlas.cid.harvard.edu/

OF ECONOMIC COMPLEXITY



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OF ECONOMIC COMPLEXITY

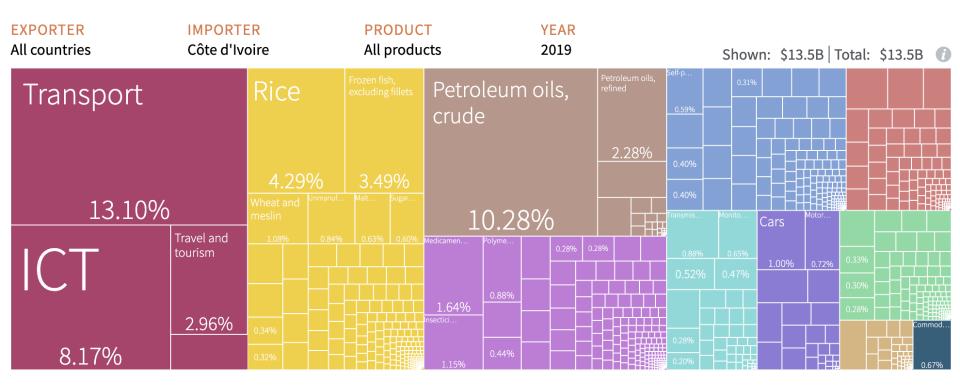
Côte D'Ivoire's Exports

EXPORTER Côte d'Ivoire	IMPORTER All countries	PRODUCT All products	YEAR 2019		Shown: \$12.7B	Total: \$12.7B 👔
Travel and tourism	Cocoa	Cashew nuts & coconuts	Cocoa paste	Petroleum oils, refined	Natural rubber	Make 0.67% 0.36%
3.53% Transport	beans	5.71% Cocoa Palm butter oil 1.16%	5.54% Coffee ^{Chocolat} 1.09% 0.96%	7.97% Petroleum oils, crude	7.84 Gold	% Raw cotton 0.34%
3.08% ICT 2.48%	24.50%	2.82% 0.85\% 0.85\%\% 0.85\%\% 0.85\%		5.45% Manganese > 47% by weight 1.37% 0.91% 0.25%	5.02%	2.53%

ATLAS OF ECONOMIC COMPLEXITY

Source: https://atlas.cid.harvard.edu/

Côte D'Ivoire's Imports





Source: https://atlas.cid.harvard.edu/

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Neocolonial Net Wealth Extraction



The result is net neocolonial wealth extraction of over \$2 trillion from the Global South to Global North every year

USD 0 billion COP27 Loss & Damage Fund

USD 10,7 billion Green Climate Fund total pledges (not yet delivered)

10,7

USD 100 billion Annual climate finance commitment from 2015 (not yet delivered)

USD 100

billion

USD 2 trillion

USD 2 trillion Annual net financial flow from Global South to Global North



• Pan-African Cooperation for strategic investments in:

- Food Sovereignty
- Renewable Energy Sovereignty
- High value-added industrial policies
- Structural transformation of the Global Financial Architecture and International Trade System

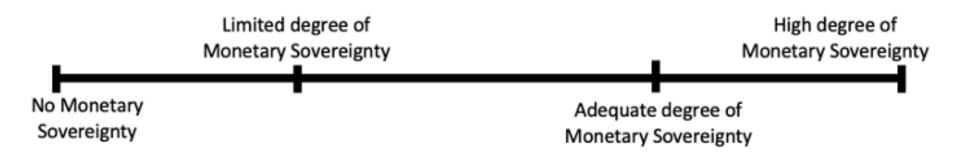


Are countries fiscally prepared for massive structural transformation?

Do we have the fiscal capacity to pay for it, without causing inflation, and without bankrupting nations?



The Spectrum of Monetary Sovereignty





How much can we spend safely without causing inflation?

Taxes





How much can we spend safely without causing inflation?

Taxes	Borrowing



How much can we spend safely without causing inflation?

Taxes	Borrowing	Additional spending capacity	
			nflation
			Ris

The real limit to government spending is the risk of inflation



Taxes	Borrowing	Additional spending capacity	

The real limit to government spending is the risk of inflation What determines the risk of inflation?

- 1. Lack of productive capacity, logistics & supply chains disruptions
- 2. Abusive market power and price setting behavior



The Mainstream Economic Model

- Austerity
- Debt restructuring
- Privatized SOEs
- Labor Market Flexibility



- FDI & Export-led growth (→ negative terms of trade)
- Financial liberalization (→ Speculative bubbles)
- Tourism (→ resource sustainability)
- Remittances (→ brain drain)
- Race to the bottom
- More external debt ...
- There Is No Alternative?



Increase Government Spending to Fight Inflation

Ædu

Scenario 1 (the mainstream approach):

- If Tunisia spends 2 billion Dinars or
- → More imports of food/energy/med
- → Larger trade deficit
- → Weaker exchange rate
- → Passthrough inflation effect
- → More external debt
- → IMF/foreign lenders mandate sp
- → Less investment in Health/Edu
- → More unemployment, brain drain, social,
- There Is No Alternative

Increase Government Spending to Fight Inflation

- Scenario 2 (The alternative approach):
- If Tunisia spends 1 billion Dinars on Health/Edu

 billion Dinars on increasing domestic productive
 capacity of food, renewable energy, energy efficiency
 crackdown on corruption, abusive price setters,
 importers of luxury goods via taxation/regulation:
 - ightarrow Fewer imports of food and energy
 - → Lower trade deficit
 - \rightarrow Stable (or stronger) exchange rate
 - \rightarrow No passthrough inflation effect
 - \rightarrow lower external debt, and higher credit ratings
 - \rightarrow Increase in foreign currency reserves
 - → More resilience to external shocks (food/energy security)
 - \rightarrow Lower carbon footprint
 - ightarrow More employment, less brain drain, improved quality of life





Pan-African Industrial Strategies

- South-South Strategic Partnerships
 - Access to larger markets allows for economies of scale
 - Complementary resources/capabilities
 - Horizontal linkages to increase value-added content
 - Focus on collective resilience: food sovereignty, renewable energy sovereignty, water security, education/training, healthcare, transportation, etc.
 - This is how a country acquires a higher degree of economic and monetary sovereignty
 - If a country/regional block lacks this basic level of resilience, it has no bargaining chips, it can't walk away from a negotiation table, and it will continue to lose its economic and monetary sovereignty.



Concluding Remarks

- We are running out of time!
- The climate crisis, inequality, poverty, exclusion, and injustice call for urgent, bold, and radical transformation.
- The current climate & jobs policies are too weak, slow, expensive, ineffective, and dangerous.
- A realistic plan for a just transition requires a fundamental restructuring of the global economic architecture.
- A better system is within reach (a real Wakanda!). It is possible, desirable, and affordable.

Thank you! Questions & Comments

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